



FULL BOAR™

MIG/ARC 160 INVERTER WELDER

- **MULTI PROCESS WELDER**
- **160 AMP OUTPUT**
- **10AMP PLUG**



MIG STICK



INSTRUCTION MANUAL



WARNING Protect yourself and others, read and understand this instruction manual. Take precautions when welding. Follow safety practices based on manufacturer's hazard data. Failure to follow warnings and instructions may result in serious injury or death. Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.



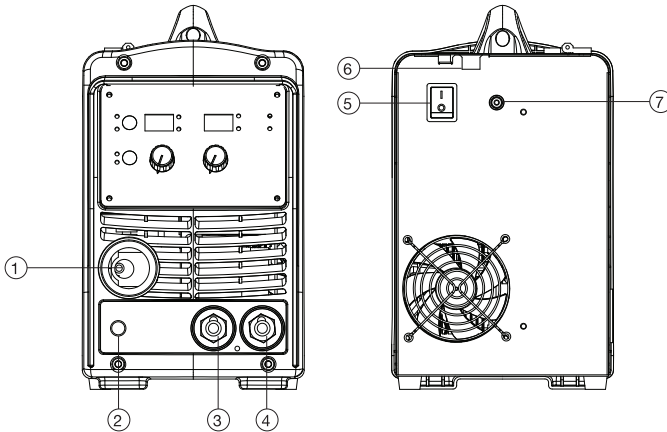
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SPECIFICATIONS - MIG/ARC 160

Power Supply	240V	
Primary Input Plug Fitted	10 Amp	
Duty Cycle	MIG 10% @ 160A	STICK 10% @ 140A
	60% @ 65A	60% @ 60A
	100% @ 50A	100% @ 45A
Open Circuit Voltage	MIG 73.3V	STICK 71.5V
Output Current Range	MIG 40-160A	STICK 20-140A
I_{ieff}	MIG 9.3A	STICK 9.5A
Input Current Max	MIG 29.4A	STICK 29.9A
Protection Class	IP21S	
MIG Wire Range	Fe: 0.6/0.8/0.9	
	Ss: 0.8/0.9	
	Flux-Cored: 0.6/0.8/0.9	
Electrode Diameter Range	1.6mm - 3.2mm	
Thermal Overload Protection	Yes	
Machine Dimensions	450 x 200 x 325mm	
Machine Weight	9.9kg	

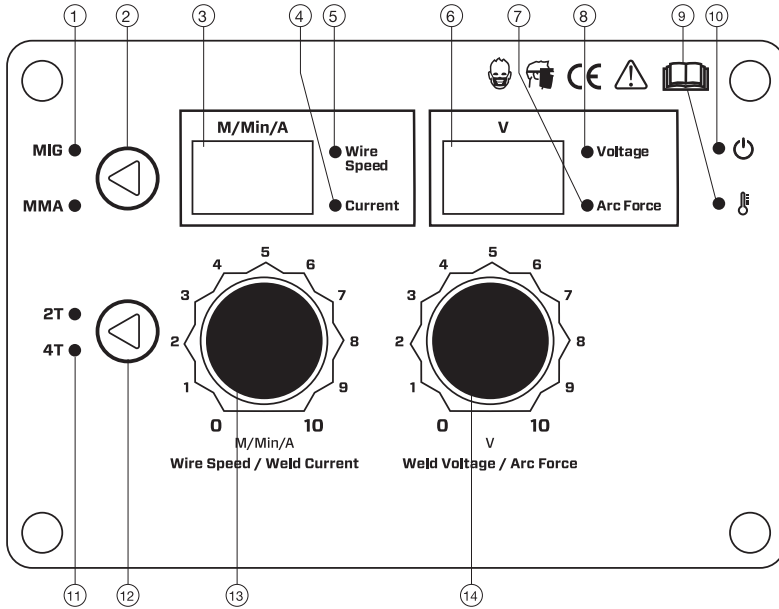
KNOW YOUR PRODUCT - MACHINE OVERVIEW



1. MIG Torch Direct Connect
2. Polarity Change Power Connection
3. Positive (+) Output Connection Socket
4. Negative (-) Output Connection Socket

5. Machine Power Switch
6. Power Lead Input
7. Gas Inlet

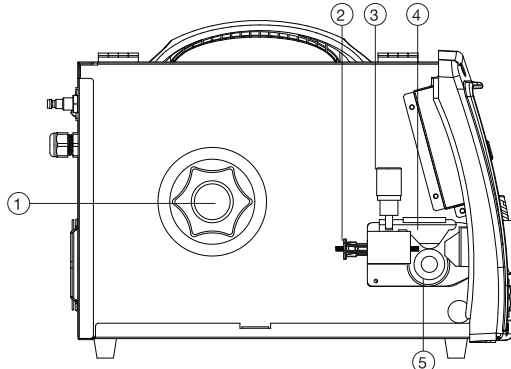
KNOW YOUR PRODUCT - CONTROL PANEL



- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Welding Process Indicator Light (MIG, MMA) 2. Welding Process Selection Button 3. Digital Setting Display - Amperage/Wire Speed 4. Current Setting Display Indicator Light 5. Wire Speed Setting Display Indicator Light 6. Digital Setting Display - Voltage/Arc Force 7. Arc Force Setting Display Indicator Light 8. Voltage Setting Display Indicator Light 9. Machine Overheat Indicator Light | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10. Machine Power Indicator Light 11. 2T/4T (Trigger Latch) Indicator Light 12. 2T/4T (Trigger Latch) Selection Button 13. Current/Wire Speed Parameter Adjustment Knob (L) 14. Voltage/Arc Force Parameter Adjustment Knob (R) |
|--|---|

KNOW YOUR PRODUCT - WIRE FEEDER

- 1. Spool Holder
- 2. Wire Inlet Guide
- 3. Wire Feed Tension Adjustment Knob
- 4. Wire Feed Tension Arm
- 5. Wire Drive Roller



INTRODUCTION

Thankyou for your purchase of a Full Boar MIG/ARC 160 Inverter Welder. Your welder is the latest in IGBT Welder technology, this welding machine is easy to set up and use, generating a very smooth and stable output, ideal for welding jobs around the home, farm, workshop or on site.

In this manual you will find instructions on how to set up your welder along with important safety information and general welding information.

Read and understand the Instruction Manual before operating the machine. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

SAFETY INFORMATION



WARNING! The device and packaging material are not toys! Children must not be allowed to play with the machine and its accessories. Plastic parts and packaging are choking risks for children.

- Open the packaging and remove the welder carefully.
- Check that the delivery is complete.
- If possible, store the packaging until the warranty period has expired.

The user of this welder is responsible for their own safety and the safety of others. It is important to read, understand and respect the contents of this user guide. When using this welder, basic safety precautions, including those in the following sections must be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and personal injury. Ensure that you have read and understood all of these instructions before using this welder.

Persons who are not familiar with this user guide should not use this welder. Keep this booklet in a safe place for future reference.

TRAINING

The operator should be properly trained to use the welding machine safely and should be informed about the risks relating to arc welding procedures. This user guide does not attempt to cover welding technique. Training should be sought from qualified / experienced personnel on this aspect, especially for any welds requiring a high level of integrity for safety.

SERIOUS FIRE RISK

The welding process produces sparks, droplets of fused metal, metal projectiles and fumes. This constitutes a serious fire risk. Ensure that the area in which welding will be undertaken is clear of all inflammable materials. It is also advisable to have a fire extinguisher, and a welding blanket on hand to protect work surfaces.

MACHINE SAFETY

Keep the welding cables, work clamp and electrode holder in good condition. Failure to do this can result in poor welding quality, which could be dangerous in structural situations.

Prior to use, check for breakage of parts and any other conditions that may affect operation of the welder. Any part of the welder that is damaged should be carefully checked to determine whether it will perform its intended function whilst being safe for the operator. Any part that is damaged should be properly repaired, or replaced by an authorised service centre.

MACHINE SAFETY CONT.

IMPROPER USE

It is hazardous to use the welding machine for any work other than that for which it was designed e.g. do not use welder for thawing pipes.

HANDLING

Ensure the handle is correctly fitted. As welding machines can be heavy, always use safe lifting practices when lifting.

POSITION AND HANDLING

To reduce risk of the machine being unstable / danger of overturning, position the welding machine on a horizontal surface that is able to support the machine weight. **Operators MUST NOT BE ALLOWED to weld in raised positions unless safety platforms are used.**

WORK AREA SAFETY

- **Ensure a clear, well lit work area with unrestricted movement for the operator.**
- **The work area should be well ventilated, as welding emits fumes which can be dangerous.**
- **Always maintain easy access to the ON/OFF switch of the welder, and the electrical mains supply**
- **Do not expose the welder to rain and do not operate in damp or wet locations**

Where welding must be undertaken in environments with increased risk of electric shock, confined spaces or in the presence of flammable or explosive materials, it is important that the environment be evaluated in advance by an “expert supervisor”. It is also recommended that welding in these circumstances be carried out in the presence of persons trained to intervene in emergencies.

AVOID ELECTRICAL CONTACT

Use adequate electrical insulation with regard to the electrode, the work piece and any accessible earthed metal parts in the vicinity. Avoid direct contact with the welding circuit. The no load voltage between the work clamp and the electrode can be dangerous under certain circumstances.

Note: For additional protection from electric shock. It is recommended that this welder be used in conjunction with a residual current device (RCD) with rated residual current of 30MA or less.

In general the use of extension leads should be avoided. If used however, ensure that the extension lead used with the welder is of a suitable current rating and heavy duty in nature that **MUST** have an earth connection. If using the welder outdoors, ensure that the extension lead is suitable for outdoor use. Always keep extension leads away from the welding zone, moisture and any hot materials.

WELDING SURFACES

- Do not weld containers or pipes that hold, or have held, flammable liquids or combustible gases or pressure.
- Do not weld on coated, painted or varnished surfaces as the coatings may ignite, or can give off dangerous fumes.

WORK PIECE

When welding, the work piece will remain at high temperature for a relatively long period. The operator must not touch the weld or the work piece unless wearing welding gloves. Always use pliers or tongs. Never touch the welded material with bare hands until it has completely cooled

VOLTAGE BETWEEN ELECTRODE HOLDERS OR TORCHES

Working with more than one welding machine on a single work piece, or on work pieces that are connected, may generate a dangerous accumulation of no-load voltage between two different electrode holders or torches, the value of which may reach double the allowed limit.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT MUST BE USED WHEN MACHINE IS IN USE!

GLOVES AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Use protective gloves and fire resistant protective clothing when welding. Avoid exposing skin to ultraviolet rays produced by the arc.

WELDING HELMET

Under no circumstances should the welder be operated unless the operator is wearing a welding helmet to protect the eyes and face. There is serious risk of eye damage if a helmet is not used. The sparks and metal projectiles can cause serious damage to the eyes and face. The light radiation produced by the arc can cause damage to eyesight, and burns to skin. **Never remove the welding helmet whilst welding.**

SAFETY GLASSES

Always welding use appropriate safety glasses when brushing, chipping or grinding the slag from the weld.

OTHER PERSONS

Ensure that other persons are screened from the welding arc and are at least 15 metres away from the work piece. Always ensure that the welding arc is screened from onlookers. Use screens if necessary or non-reflecting welding curtain. Do not allow children or animals access to the welding equipment or to the work area.

SWITCHING OFF

When the operator has finished welding they must switch the welder off. DO NOT put the electrode holder down with the welder switched ON. When leaving the welder unattended, switch OFF and disconnect the welder from the electrical mains supply. Do not leave hot material unattended after welding.

FUMES & GASES ARE DANGEROUS

Smoke and gas generated whilst welding or cutting can be harmful to people's health. Welding produces fumes and gases. Breathing these fumes and gases can be hazardous to your health.

- Do not breathe the smoke and gas generated whilst welding or cutting, keep your head out of the fumes
- Keep the working area well ventilated, use fume extraction or ventilation to remove fumes and gases
- In confined or heavy fume environments always wear an approved air-supplied respirator. Welding fumes and gases can displace air and lower the oxygen level causing injury or death. Be sure the breathing air is safe.
- Do not weld in locations near de-greasing, cleaning, or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with vapours to form highly toxic and irritating gases.
- Materials such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium plated steel, containing elements that can give off toxic fumes when welded. Do not weld these materials unless the area is very well ventilated, and or wearing an air supplied respirator.

MAINTENANCE

WARNING! Before starting any cleaning, or maintenance procedures on the welding machine, make sure that it is switched OFF and disconnected from the mains supply.

There are no user serviceable parts inside the welder. Refer to a qualified service personnel if any internal maintenance is required. After use, wipe the welder down with a clean soft dry cloth.

Regular inspection of the supply cord is required. If damaged is suspected, must be immediately replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons.

STORAGE/ TRANSPORT

Store the welder and accessories out of children's reach in a dry place. If possible store the welder in the original packaging. The appliance must be secured against falling or rolling over during transport.

MACHINE SET UP - MIG WIRE FEEDER

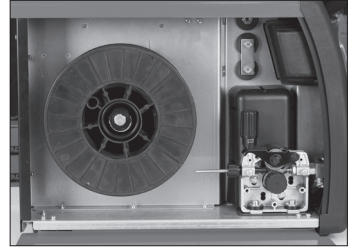
WARNING! Ensure the machine is turned off and disconnected from the power supply before performing any of the following operations.

Fitting Wire Spool

1. Open side door of the machine.
2. Remove spool retaining nut and place spool of wire (1kg or 5kg) on spool hub, ensuring the locating pin on the spool holder matches the location hole on the spool.

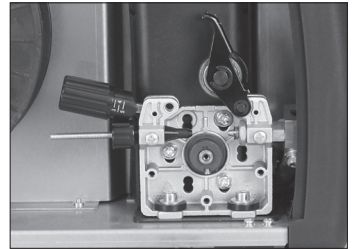
Note: Ensure the wire feeds from underneath the spool into the wire feeder.

3. Replace spool retaining nut and tighten. Do not overtighten.



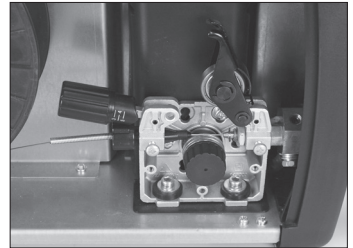
Threading and Tensioning Wire

4. Release the Wire Feed Tension Adjustment Knob by pulling it to the left.
5. Remove the Wire Feed Tension Arm by pushing it upwards.
Note: Check drive roller is matched to the wire size used.
6. Carefully feed wire through the inlet guide tube on to the drive roller and into the outlet guide tube until it passes to the Inlet Tube, and out of the Euro connection (3-5cm).
Note: Hold wire to prevent the spool uncoiling.
7. Close the Wire Feed Tension Arm. Replace Wire Feed Tension Adjustment Knob and tighten. Do not overtighten.



Set Up MIG Torch

8. Remove nozzle and welding tip from torch.
9. Plug the machine 10Amp input power lead into the wall socket, and switch to ON position.
10. Press and hold the trigger on the MIG Torch. This will feed the wire through the torch. Release trigger when wire appears at the end of the torch.
11. Switch machine power OFF.
12. Reinstall the welding tip over wire. Ensure contact tip size matches the size of the wire being used. Do not overtighten. Reinstall nozzle.
13. Trim wire to the end of the nozzle.



MACHINE SET UP - MIG WELDING (GASLESS)

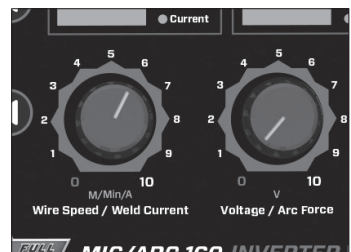
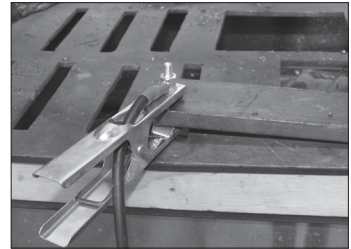
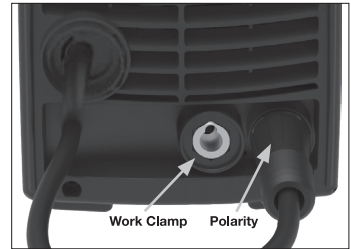
WARNING! Ensure the machine is turned off and disconnected from the power supply before performing any of the following operations.

Connecting Work Clamp & Setting Polarity

1. Plug **Work clamp** connector into the **Positive** terminal.
Twist to ensure a good connection.
2. Plug **Polarity Change Power Connection** into the **Negative** terminal and tighten.

Welding Setup

3. Connect the work clamp firmly to the work-piece ensuring that the clamp makes good contact with bare metal.
4. Plug the machine 10Amp input power lead into the wall socket, ensuring that the power switch on the machine is in the OFF position.
5. Turn the power outlet on and turn on the machine using the power switch on the rear of the machine
6. Select MIG welding mode by pressing the Welding Process Selection Button until the MIG Welding Process Indicator Light is illuminated.
7. Select 2T/4T by pressing 2T/4T (Trigger Latch) Selection Button until desired setting light is illuminated.
8. Rotate the Current/Wire Speed Parameter Adjustment Knob (L) to set the Wire Speed as required.
9. Rotate the Voltage/Downslope/Arc Force Parameter Adjustment Knob (R) to set the Voltage as required.

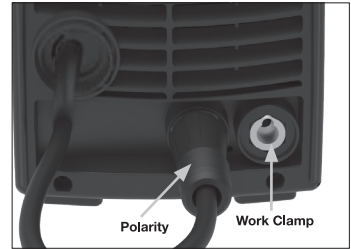


MACHINE SET UP - MIG WELDING (GAS)

WARNING! Ensure the machine is turned off and disconnected from the power supply before performing any of the following operations.

Connecting Work Clamp & Setting Polarity

1. Plug **Work clamp** connector into the **Negative** terminal.
Twist to ensure a good connection.
2. Plug **Polarity Change Power Connection** into the **Positive** terminal and tighten.



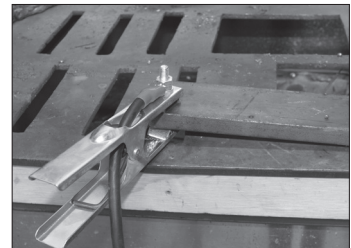
Connecting Gas

3. Connect the gas line to the regulator on the gas bottle.
Note: CHECK FOR LEAKS prior to welding
4. Connect the Gas line to the machine Inlet Gas Connector on the rear panel



Welding Setup

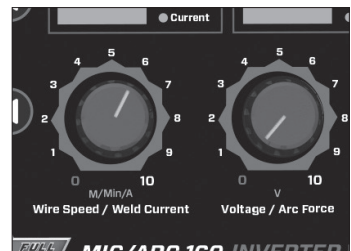
5. Connect the work clamp firmly to the work-piece ensuring that the clamp makes good contact with bare metal.
6. Plug the machine 10Amp input power lead into the wall socket, ensuring that the power switch on the machine is in the OFF position.
7. Turn the power outlet on and turn on the machine using the power switch on the rear of the machine
8. Carefully open the valve of the gas cylinder. Adjust to required gas flow rate as indicated on the regulator. As a guide, start with a gas flow rate of 12-15L/min
9. Select MIG welding mode by pressing the Welding Process Selection Button until the MIG Welding Process Indicator Light is illuminated.
10. Select 2T/4T by pressing 2T/4T (Trigger Latch) Selection Button until desired setting light is illuminated.
11. Rotate the Current/Wire Speed Parameter Adjustment Knob (L) to set the Wire Speed as required.
12. Rotate the Voltage/Downslope/Arc Force Parameter Adjustment Knob (R) to set the Voltage as required.



Welding Gas Selection Guide

Use the table below as a guide:

Metal Type	Recommended Gas
Mild Steel	Ar-CO ₂
Stainless Steel	Ar-CO ₂ -O ₂
Low Alloy Steel	Ar-CO ₂
Galvanised Steel	Ar-CO ₂
Aluminium	Ar



OPERATION - MIG WELDING

WARNING! Ensure appropriate PPE is worn, and work area is clear of hazards prior to operation.

Starting The Arc

1. Feed approximately 8-10mm of wire from the end of the torch (also called 'stickout') by pulling the trigger on the torch.
Note: The shorter the stickout, the hotter the weld will be.
2. Touch the MIG wire to the work piece and raise it again approximately 1-2mm above the work piece.
3. Pull the trigger on the MIG torch, gas will flow and the wire will start to feed. When the wire touches the work piece the arc will strike and the wire will melt.

Forhand Pushing Technique

1. Hold the MIG torch at an angle of approximately 10°
Note: Different angles will result in different weld bead shapes
2. Pull the trigger and slowly push the MIG torch away from you in the direction you wish to weld, ensuring the wire is pointing forward towards the leading edge of the weld.

Backhand/Pulling Technique

1. Hold the MIG torch at an angle of approximately 10°
Note: Different angles will result in different weld bead shapes
2. Pull the trigger and slowly pull the MIG torch towards you in the direction you wish to weld, ensuring you keep the wire at the edge of the weld puddle.

Finishing the Weld

1. Release trigger and pull torch away from work piece quickly to break the arc.
2. Once the weld has cooled, clean weld by chipping away at slag to reveal the weld metal.

MACHINE SET UP - MMA (STICK) WELDING

WARNING! Ensure the machine is turned off and disconnected from the power supply before performing any of the following operations.

Fitting the Arc and Work Clamp

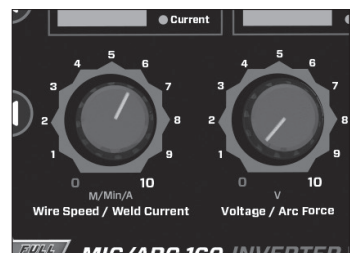
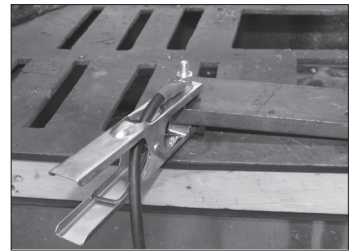
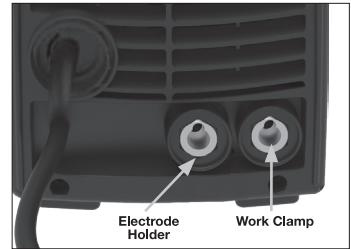
1. For the most common applications, plug the **work clamp** connector into the **Negative** terminal. Twist to ensure a good connection.
2. Plug the **Electrode holder** connector into the **Positive** terminal. Twist to ensure a good connection.

Grounding and Fitting the Electrode

3. Connect the work clamp firmly to the work-piece ensuring that the clamp makes good contact with bare metal.
4. Take the electrode holder and press the handle to open the tong. Insert the bare metal rod end of the electrode and release the handle to clamp the electrode.

Welding Setup

5. Plug the machine 10Amp input power lead into the wall socket, ensuring that the power switch on the machine is in the OFF position.
6. Turn the power outlet on and turn on the machine on using the power switch on the rear of the machine
WARNING: Ensure the electrode/electrode holder is not near the work-piece when switching on the machine.
7. Select MMA welding mode by pressing the Welding Process Selection Button until the MMA Welding Process Indicator Light is illuminated.
8. Rotate the Current/Wire Speed Parameter Adjustment Knob (L) to set welding current. Use the Welding Current Guide on next page.
9. Rotate the Voltage/Downslope/Arc Force Parameter Adjustment Knob (R) to set the Arc Force as required.



OPERATION - MMA (STICK) WELDING

WARNING! Ensure appropriate PPE is worn, and work area is clear of hazards prior to operation.

Starting The Arc

1. Hold the Electrode above the work piece. In a smooth, quick motion, scratch the electrode across the work piece to create the arc.

Welding Work Piece

2. Hold the Electrode slightly above the work piece to maintain the arc, moving the electrode at an even speed to create an even weld distribution.

Finishing the Weld

3. Pull the electrode away from work piece quickly to break the arc.
4. Once the weld has cooled, clean the weld by chipping away at slag to reveal the weld metal.

Electrode Selection Guide

Electrode size selection will be determined by the thickness of the section being welded. Use the table below as a guide:

Average Metal Thickness	Electrode Size
1.0 - 2.0mm	2.0mm
2.0 - 5.0mm	2.6mm
5.0 - 8.0mm	3.2mm
8.0mm +	4.0mm

Welding Current Guide

Welding current level is determined by the size of electrode. Use the table below as a guide:

Electrode Size/Gauge	Welding Current
1.6mm	40-50 Amps
2.0mm	50-75 Amps
2.5mm	75-105 Amps
3.2mm	105-140 Amps
4.0mm	140-160 Amps

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	Suggested Remedy
Power indicator is not lit, fan does not work and no output current	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the welder is plugged into the 240V mains outlet and is switched on. 2. Check that the mains fuse or breaker has not operated. 3. Check that the main switch on the rear of the unit is in the on position.
Power indicator is lit, fan works, no output current	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the welding cables are connected correctly. 2. Check the output connectors are not disconnected or damaged. 3. Check that the work clamp is connected securely to the work piece and that the contact point is clean of paint or rust.
Over temperature indicator is on, no output current	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Duty cycle of the unit has been exceeded. Allow the unit to cool.
Output current is not stable.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check mains voltage is constant. 2. Check the welding cable connectors are tight in the sockets. 3. Check the work clamp connection to the work piece. 4. Check the welding leads are not reversed.
Excessive Spatter	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the output polarity is correct for the type of electrode or wire being used
Porosity (Small cavities or holes resulting from gas pockets in weld metal)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the correct gas is being used 2. Check the gas is connected; check hoses, gas valve and torch are not restricted and free of leaks. Set the gas flow between 10 - 15 l/ min flow rate. Protect the welding zone from wind and drafts 3. Remove all moisture from base metal before welding 4. Remove materials like paint, grease, oil, and dirt, including mill scale from base metal 5. Use clean dry rust free wire. Do not lubricate the wire with oil, grease etc. 6. Check and tighten connection. 7. Clean or replace the gas nozzle 8. Replace the gas diffuser
Wire stubbing during welding	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bring the torch closer to the work and maintain stick out of 5-10mm 2. Increase the voltage 3. Decrease the wire feed speed

TROUBLE SHOOTING (CONT.)

Problem	Suggested Remedy
Lack of Fusion – failure of weld metal to fuse completely with base metal or a proceeding weld bead	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="352 199 1030 223">1. Remove materials (paint, grease, oil, dirt, mill scale) from base metal<li data-bbox="352 231 1030 255">2. Select a higher voltage range and /or adjust the wire speed to suit<li data-bbox="352 263 1030 327">3. Keep the arc at the leading edge of the weld pool. Torch angle to work should be between 5 & 15° Direct the arc at the weld joint<li data-bbox="352 335 1030 391">4. Adjust work angle or widen groove to access bottom during welding, Momentarily hold arc on side walls if using weaving technique<li data-bbox="352 399 1030 446">5. Select a lower voltage range and /or adjust the wire speed to suit Increase travel speed
Lack of Penetration	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="352 462 1030 518">1. Select a higher voltage range and /or adjust the wire speed to suit Reduce travel speed<li data-bbox="352 526 1030 574">2. Remove materials like paint, grease, oil, and dirt, including mill scale from base metal

TROUBLE SHOOTING (WIRE FEEDER)

Problem	Suggested Remedy
No wire feed	1. Check that the MMA/MIG selector switch set to MIG position
Inconsistent / interrupted wire feed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Be sure to adjust the wire feed and voltage dials for MIG welding. The current dial is for MMA welding mode. 2. Select the correct polarity for the wire being used. 3. Incorrect wire speed: adjust the wire feed speed 4. Incorrect voltage: adjust the voltage setting 5. MIG Torch too long: small diameter wires and soft wires like aluminium don't feed well through long torch leads - replace the torch with a lesser length torch. 6. MIG Torch kinked: remove the kink, reduce the angle or bend 7. Tip worn/incorrect: replace the tip with correct size and type 8. Liner worn/clogged/incorrect size: try to clear the liner by blowing out with compressed air as a temporary cure, it is recommended to replace the liner regularly. Install the correct size liner. 9. Blocked/worn inlet guide: clear or replace the inlet guide tube 10. Misaligned in drive roller groove: reposition the wire into the groove of the drive roller 11. Incorrect/worn drive roller: fit the correct size/type drive roller. Replace drive roller 12. Drive roller pressure too high: reduce the drive roller pressure. 13. Tension high on wire spool hub: reduce the spool hub brake tension 14. Wire tangled/crossed: remove the spool untangle the wire or replace the wire. 15. Contaminated MIG wire: use clean dry rust free wire. Do not lubricate the wire with oil, grease etc.

DISPOSAL

DISPOSING OF THE PACKAGING

Recycling packaging reduces the need for landfill and raw materials. Reuse of the recycled material decreases pollution in the environment. Please recycle packaging where facilities exist. Check with your local council authority for recycling advice.

DISPOSING OF THE WELDER

Welders that are no longer usable should not be disposed of with household waste but in an environmentally friendly way. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check with your local council authority for recycling advice.

BOX CONTENTS

Full Boar MIG/ARC 160 Inverter Welder

MIG Torch

Welding Cable with Electrode Holder

Work Clamp with Cable

Gas Hose

Dual Stage Argon Regulator

Drive Rollers

Operating Manual

NOTE: The manufacturer's liability shall be deemed void if the machine is modified in any way and the manufacturer shall therefore accept no liability for any damages arising as a result of modifications.

Distributed by
Dynaweld Industrial Supplies Pty Ltd

Australia (Head Office)

2/10 Jessica Place, Prestons, NSW, Australia, 2170



WARRANTY

PRIOR TO RETURNING YOUR PRODUCT FOR WARRANTY PLEASE CHECK THE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE IN THE PRODUCT INSTRUCTION MANUAL

IN ORDER TO MAKE A CLAIM UNDER WARRANTY YOU MUST RETURN THE PRODUCT TO YOUR NEAREST BUNNINGS WAREHOUSE (see www.bunnings.com.au for store locations) WITH YOUR BUNNINGS REGISTER RECEIPT.

FAULTY GOODS SHOULD BE RETURNED IN THEIR ORIGINAL PACKAGING ALONG WITH ANY SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES.

1 YEAR WARRANTY

Your product is guaranteed against manufacturing workmanship or defect for a period of 12 months from the original date of purchase. This warranty covers manufacturing defects in materials, workmanship and finish under normal use. If a product is found to be defective we reserve the right to repair or replace at our sole discretion.

No responsibility will be taken for products lost, damaged or mislaid whilst in transit.

To the extent permitted by law this warranty does not cover any indirect or consequential losses and our total liability, if any, shall be limited to the amount paid for the product by you to the retailer.

The benefits provided under this warranty are in addition to other rights and remedies which are available to you under Australian law.

WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS

The following actions will result in the warranty being void:

- Any damage caused by connection to a power supply or voltage other than specified for the machine
- Damage, faults or defects arising from misuse, abuse accidents or alterations
- Failure to perform maintenance or maintain good working condition of the machine or accessories as set out in the instruction manual
- If the machine is disassembled or tampered with in any way
- Fair wear and tear especially to cables, leads etc
- Consumable items such as torch tips, nozzles and liners, feed rollers and guides

**This warranty is given by
Dynaweld Industrial Supplies Pty Ltd**

**ABN: 17 050 731 756
Ph.1300 899 710**

Australia (Head Office)
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