

Eliminating Illegal Forest Products in Australia

COMMON PLATFORM

A joint forest industry, wood product sector and civil society position

The following parties, who have been prominent in promoting an end to the importation and trade of illegal timber and wood products by advocating action from industry, consumers and the Federal Government, reaffirm the 2009 Joint Statement for the Elimination of Illegal Timber Imports and commit to this more detailed Common Platform.

We congratulate the Federal Government and the opposition parties for committing to measures that would ban the importation and trade of illegally procured timber and wood products. We also welcome requirements for importers to demonstrate due diligence.

documentation of legal verification

4. Enforcement & Monitoring

and not leave this responsibility to

should be substantially resourced.

Appropriate penalties be applied to

provide an effective deterrent against

the law or fail to show due diligence.

The Federal Government provide

support to industry by commissioning

that considers risk levels of timber and

wood products from export countries

or regions. The risk assessment must

remain independent of government and

an independent risk assessment program

6. Risk Assessment

be updated as required.

a breach under the Act.

7. Public Standing

those who knowingly or negligently break

5. Penalties

The Federal Government enforce the

industry. Enforcement and monitoring

prohibition and due diligence requirements

or certification where available.

We recommend the following elements be part of the Federal Government's approach, particularly in formulating the legislation. We urge that industry and civil society continue to be involved in formulating the laws.

Recommended Elements for Effective Laws

1. Objective of the Legislation

Eliminating illegal logging is a critical first step towards achieving sustainable forestry globally. The Act include, within its object clauses, an objective to help promote ecologically sustainable and socially just timber and wood products and to eliminate other forms of timber and wood products.

2. Definition of Illegal Timber & Wood Products

The term 'illegal timber and wood products' be defined broadly to capture all situations where timber has been harvested and traded in contravention of the laws of the country of origin or treaties in force in the country of origin or Australia.

3. Declaration of Timber & Wood Products

The laws contain a requirement for importers to disclose specified information at the point of importation. This information could be supplied electronically or included within existing customs forms. Such information would include the species, country of origin, quantity or value and any supporting

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The Act include a provision allowing any interested party to take action against

8. Review / Sustainability

A review of the efficacy of the laws within 5 years from the commencement of the Act. The review should examine and make recommendations on how to move the required standard towards sustainability.

9. Industry Assistance

The Federal Government provide resources to industry to assist with compliance.

10. Harmonisation

To the extent possible, the laws should be harmonised with the US Lacey Act and EU Timber Regulations.

11. Government Procurement Policy

The parties below also urge the Federal Government and other arms of government to take a leadership role in moving towards sustainable timber by adopting and implementing procurement policies that go beyond one requiring legal verification. Such procurement policies should be built on criteria that are consistent with and supportive of forest management and chain-of-custody certification and social justice.